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MISSION

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

OMB APPROVAL

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FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

A DECL	MM/DD/YY			MM/DD/YY
A DECI				
A. REGI	STRANT IDENTIF	ICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: MILLER	BUCKFIRE + CO	e,uc	0	FFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN	NESS: (Do not use P.O.	Box No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.
250 PARK AVÉ NEW YORK				
	(No. and Street)			
NEW YORK	NY		1017	7
(City)	(State)	··-	(Zip Coo	lc)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER	SON TO CONTACT I	REGARD TO	THIS REPORT	0.00
MICHAEL ELLERN				2-895-1840
			(Area (Code – Telephone Numbe
			·	
B. ACCO	UNTANT IDENTI	FICATION		,
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who			*	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who	ose opinion is contained	l in this Report		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who MAHONEY 4 COHEN (N	ose opinion is contained	in this Report		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who	ose opinion is contained	in this Report		10018
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who MAHONEY 4 COHEN (N	ose opinion is contained	in this Report	ne)	/00 /8 (Zip Code)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who MAHONEY 4 COHEN (N /065 AVE OF THE AMO (Address)	ose opinion is contained lame – if individual, state las	in this Report	ne) NY	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who MAHONEY 4 COHEN (N /065 AVE OF THE AM (Address) CHECK ONE:	ose opinion is contained lame – if individual, state las	in this Report	NY (State)	(Zip Code)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who MAHONEY 4 COHEN (N JOGS AVE OF THE AM (Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant	ose opinion is contained lame – if individual, state las	in this Report	NY (State)	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who MAHONEY 4 COHEN (NO /OGS AVE OF THE AMO (Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant	ose opinion is contained lame – if individual, state las (City)	in this Report	NY (State)	(Zip Code)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who MAHONEY 4 COHEN (N JOGS AVE OF THE AM (Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant	ose opinion is contained lame – if individual, state las (City)	in this Report	NY (State)	(Zip Code)

B)\(\)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of Information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	NICHAEZ	ELPERN				, swear (or	affirm) that, to the best of
my kno	wledge and belie	f the accompanying fi	nancial stateme	nt and	supporting so	chedules perta	
of	DECEMBER	5/	, 20 <u>_</u>	06			ther swear (or affirm) that
neither	the company nor	any partner, propriete	or, principal of	icer o	r director has	any proprietar	y interest in any account
classifi	ed solely as that o	of a customer, except a	s follows:				
	MICHEL	LE NUNNS				11.	<i></i>
	Notary Public,	State of New York					
	No. 011	NU6117939				Signature	
(Qualified in N Commission Expire	lew York County es November 1, 2008			<i>P</i> 1	En	
	ZOMINISSION EXPR	es November 1, 2008			<u> </u>	Title	11 89
W	/)				Title	
1/	ichelle	unne					
	Notary Pul	blic					
This rep	oort ** contains (check all applicable be	oxes):				
	Facing Page.						
		ancial Condition.					
	Statement of Inc	ome (Loss). anges in Financial Co	dition				
`		anges in Finalicial Col anges in Stockholders		ners'	or Sole Propri	ietors' Canital	
_ ` `		anges in Liabilities Su					
	Computation of						
		Determination of Res	erve Requirem	ents P	ursuant to Rul	le 15c3-3.	
		ating to the Possessior		•			
□ (j)							nder Rule 15c3-1 and the
		Determination of the					
□ (k)	A Reconciliation consolidation.	between the audited	and unaudited S	statem	ents of Financ	cial Condition	with respect to methods of
Z o	An Oath or Affii	rmation					
		PC Supplemental Rep	ort.				
				exist c	or found to hav	e existed since	the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d) of the Securities and Exchange Commission

December 31, 2006

"Public"



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MAHONEY COHEN & COMPANY, CPA, P.C.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Member of Miller Buckfire & Co., LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Miller Buckfire & Co., LLC as of December 31, 2006 that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above, presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Miller Buckfire & Co., LLC as of December 31, 2006, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the statement of financial condition taken as a whole. The information contained on pages 8 and 9 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the statement of financial condition, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the statement of financial condition and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the statement of financial condition taken as a whole.

Mahoney Cohen & Company, CPA, P.C.

New York, New York February 13, 2007

MILLER BUCKFIRE & CO., LLC Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2006

ASSETS

Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses and other Total current assets	\$ 12,280,440 3,258,360 69,823 15,608,623
Property and equipment, net (Note 4)	849,389
Restricted cash (Note 8)	876,548
Other assets	98,023
	\$ 17,432,583
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S CAPITAL	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Income taxes payable Deferred revenue Accrued expenses Total liabilities	\$ 141,626 620,000 1,372,160 13,148 2,146,934
Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)	
Member's capital	15,285,649
	\$ 17,432,583

Note 1 - Nature of Business

Miller Buckfire & Co., LLC (the "Company") is a registered broker-dealer with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MBL Advisory Group, LLC (the "Member") and is an investment bank, providing strategic and financial advisory services, focusing on complex restructuring transactions, mergers and acquisitions and financings. The Company does not hold funds or securities for, nor owe funds or securities to, any of its customers.

Because the Company is a limited liability company, no member, manager, agent or employee of the Company is personally liable for the debts, obligations or liabilities of the Company, whether arising in contract, tort or otherwise, or for the acts or omissions of any member, director, manager, agent or employee of the Company.

The Company will dissolve, and its affairs will be wound up, upon the first to occur of the following: (a) the written consent of the Member, (b) the resignation, expulsion, bankruptcy or dissolution of the Member, or (c) the entry of a decree of judicial dissolution.

Note 2 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

Use of Estimates

The preparation of a statement of financial condition in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the statement of financial condition. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is recorded at cost. Expenditures for major additions and improvements are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Depreciation of property and equipment is computed by accelerated methods over the assets' estimated lives ranging from three to seven years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the lease terms or the assets' useful lives.



Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Income Taxes

A limited liability company is not a tax paying entity at the corporate level for federal and state purposes. Each member is individually responsible for their share of the Company's income or loss for income tax reporting purposes. The Company is subject to a New York City Unincorporated Business tax.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Note 3 - Concentration of Credit Risk

Cash

The Company maintains a cash balance at a bank. Accounts at this institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$100,000. To date, the Company has not experienced any losses on such amounts.

Accounts Receivable

The concentration of credit risk in the Company's accounts receivable is mitigated by the Company's credit evaluation process, reasonably short collection terms and geographic dispersion of revenue. Credit losses have been within management's expectations.

Note 4 - Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of:

Leasehold improvements	\$ 397,408
Furniture and fixtures	316,866
Computer equipment	725,025
Software	18,793
	1,458,092
Less: Accumulated depreciation and	
amortization	608,703
	\$ 849,389



Note 5 - 401(k) Plan

The Company sponsors a 401(k) defined contribution plan covering all employees. Employer contributions are discretionary.

Note 6 - Rule 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under paragraph k (2)(A) in that the Company carries no margin accounts, and does not otherwise hold funds or securities for, nor owe money or securities to, customers.

Note 7 - Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Net Capital Rule 15c3-1, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1.

At December 31, 2006, the Company had net capital of \$9,894,005, which exceeded the minimum requirement of \$143,129 by \$9,750,876. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 0.22 to 1.

Note 8 - Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases

Year Ending

The Company rents office space in New York under operating leases expiring in various years through July 2014. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

December 31,	
2007	\$ 968,000
2008	952,000
2009	791,000
2010	795,000
2011	795,000
Thereafter	2,172,000
	<u>\$ 6,473,000</u>



Note 8 - Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Office Services Agreement

The Company has an office services agreement with a third party. Under the terms of the agreement, the third party provides desktop publishing, equipment and office services functions to the Company through July 2008. The future minimum payments required are as follows:

Year Endin	g
December 2	31,

2007	\$ 562,000
2008	295,000
	<u>\$ 857,000</u>

Employment Agreements

The Company has employment agreements with certain of its employees extending through December 31, 2009. Such agreements provide, among other things, for (i) minimum annual salary payments of \$1,200,000 in the aggregate, (ii) bonuses in amounts to be determined by the Board of Directors of the Company, and (iii) severance payments in the case of any termination of employment other than for cause. Such severance payments include, among other things, (i) a pro rata bonus for the year in which the termination occurs, (ii) until such time as all of such employee's equity in MBL Capital Co., LLC (parent of MBL Advisory Group, LLC) has been redeemed, an annual cash payment of \$1,000,000 (less the amount of any dividends received by such employee from MBL Capital Co., LLC), adjusted annually for inflation, and (iii) a lump sum payment of \$15,000,000 in the case of termination by reason of death (for which payment the Company maintains insurance).

Letters of Credit

The Company was contingently liable for irrevocable standby letters of credit to its landlord for approximately \$877,000, secured by cash.



<u>SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION</u>



(Supplementary Information)

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission as of December 31, 2006

Net capital: Total member's capital	\$ 15,285,649
Deductions:	, ,
A. Restricted cash	276 540
B. Accounts receivable	876,548 3,258,360
C. Prepaid expenses and other	69,823
D. Property and equipment, net	849,389
E. Other assets	98,023
Total deductions	5,152,143
Total deddetions	
Net capital before haircuts on securities	10,133,506
Haircuts on securities:	
A. Money market funds	239,501
Net capital	\$ 9,894,005
Aggregate indebtedness:	
Items included in the statement of financial condition:	
Accounts payable	\$ 141,626
Income taxes payable	620,000
Deferred revenue	1,372,160
Accrued expenses	13,148
Total aggregate indebtedness	\$ 2,146,934
Computation of basic net capital requirement:	
Minimum net capital required	\$ 143,129
Excess net capital at 1,500 percent	\$ 9,750,876
Excess net capital at 1,000 percent	\$ 9,679,312
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.22 to 1



(Supplementary Information)
Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1
of the Securities and Exchange Commission (Concluded)
as of December 31, 2006

Reconciliation with Company's computation (included in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2006)

Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II (unaudited)

FOCUS report

\$ 9,893,505

Miscellaneous adjustment

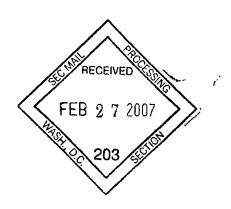
500

Net capital per above

\$ 9,894,005







Accountant's Supplementary Report on Internal Accounting Control

December 31, 2006





MAHONEY COHEN & COMPANY, CPA, P.C.

ACCOUNTANT'S SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

To the Member of Miller Buckfire & Co., LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Miller Buckfire & Co., LLC (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2006, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3(e). Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and the recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding

paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, we identified the following deficiency in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the procedures performed in our audit of the financial statements of Miller Buckfire & Co., LLC as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 13, 2007. We identified a lack of segregation of duties within the accounting department relating to the processing and recording of financial data.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2006 to meet the SEC's objectives, except for the lack of segregation of duties within the accounting department relating to the processing and recording of financial data.



This report is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mahoney Cohen & Company, CPA, P.C.

New York, New York February 13, 2007

